

# MARIETTA DAILY LEADER

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 GEORGE M. COOKE, EDITOR.  
 JOHN W. LANSLEY, ASSOCIATE.  
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THURSDAY, AUGUST 20, 1896

For President,  
 WILLIAM MCKINLEY,  
 Of the United States.  
 For Vice-President,  
 GARRETT A. HOBART,  
 Of New Jersey.

Republican State Ticket.  
 For Secretary of State,  
 CHARLES KINNEY, of Scioto Co.  
 or Judge of the Supreme Court,  
 MARSHALL J. WILLIAMS, of Fayette Co.  
 For Food and Dairy Commissioner,  
 JOSEPH E. BLACKBURN, of Belmont Co.  
 For Member Board of Public Works,  
 FRANK A. HUFFMAN, of Van Wert Co.  
 For Circuit Judge,  
 HIRAM L. SIBLEY, of Washington Co.  
 For Common Pleas Judge,  
 JOSEPH M. WOOD, of Athens Co.

Congressional Ticket.  
 For Congress, 14th District,  
 H. C. VAN VOORHIS, of Muskingum Co.

County Ticket.  
 For Probate Judge,  
 D. R. ROOD, of Belpre.  
 For Sheriff,  
 JOHN S. McALLISTER, Fourth Ward.  
 For Auditor,  
 W. A. PATTERSON, of Waterford.  
 For Recorder,  
 JOHN W. ATHEY, Marietta Townships.  
 For Commissioner,  
 JOHN RANDOLPH, Wesley Township.  
 For Infirmary Director,  
 WM. SCHNAUFFER, Newport Township.

The Republican Party stands  
 for honest money and the chance  
 to earn it by honest toil.  
 WILLIAM MCKINLEY.

## Distress (?) in Kansas.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., Aug. 17th.

Editor of the Leader:

This is going to be a great campaign  
 of education and enlightenment. There  
 is much said now, for EFFECT and to  
 back up opinions, which are from  
 knowledge that isn't so. For instance,  
 we hear a great deal about the distress  
 in Kansas. It was my good fortune in  
 coming to this place, to find occupying  
 the section opposite me in the sleeper,  
 a gentleman from Kansas, recently  
 elected County Clerk at Abilene, by  
 4800 Populist majority, and a very  
 bright, intelligent young man. He  
 said, "Don't make any mistake about  
 Kansas, we are not all poor out there,  
 we have plenty of money. Why, there  
 were only 37 sales for taxes this year in  
 our county, the smallest number we  
 have ever had. The trouble in Kansas  
 is with the railroads. They discrimi-  
 nate against our products. Our people  
 are an agricultural people, and what  
 we want is the Government control of  
 the railroads—not their ownership—so  
 that they shall make fair and equitable  
 rates for our produce to the markets.  
 Why, they charge us 7 1/2 cents a bushel  
 for corn from Abilene to Kansas City;  
 while it can be sent from San Fran-  
 cisco, overland to New York for 9 cents.  
 This is what the Populist party is fight-  
 ing for, and we will win in Kansas.  
 Our neighbors in Colorado want free  
 silver, and we are going to help them  
 elect their Candidate—voting for the  
 Democratic electors—and the Demo-  
 crats are going to vote for our state  
 ticket. The Populists are for sound  
 money and protection; but we must  
 have relief from the high railroad rates.  
 We can raise corn at 18 cents, and  
 wheat for 35 cents, and make money, if  
 the railroads would only lower their  
 charges."

This statement was denied, the other  
 day, by a Democrat in Marietta, and  
 I write it for his information, and that  
 of others. On many farms in the West  
 wheat can be profitably raised for 30  
 cents a bushel.

It is amusing to hear the political dis-  
 cussions going on all about you. To  
 hear some of these rampant silver men  
 talk, one would suppose there were  
 none other in the land. We have such  
 an one in our hotel. He scratched a  
 Virginian yesterday, and beheld, much  
 to his astonishment, he found a strong  
 sound money man and an ardent sup-  
 porter of McKinley. He then tried  
 another, who proved to be superintendent  
 of the Post Office at Baltimore, and a  
 Democrat. He found out that he, too,  
 was going to vote for McKinley. He  
 turned to the writer to find again, to  
 his surprise, a strong McKinley man,  
 and before he got through, he found  
 the majority of the guests, both Demo-  
 crats and Republicans, strong sound  
 money men and intending to support  
 the Republican ticket. One gentleman  
 told him "Business is quiet now in  
 Philadelphia, and will be till election,  
 and if your party wins, it will be quieter  
 yet."

Don't think for one moment that  
 everybody has gone crazy over free  
 silver and the "pneumatic boy" from  
 Nebraska. In this crowded city, with  
 people from all over the land, you see  
 McKinley campaign buttons at every  
 turn.  
 T. B. B.

## POOR OLD UNCLE SAM.

Almost Everybody Tries to Loot  
 His Treasury.

Big Thieves and Little Thieves by the  
 Score Steal Money from the Gov-  
 ernment—How They Work  
 Their Schemes.

(Special Washington Letter.)  
 Men who call themselves respectable,  
 and who are sometimes called honor-  
 able, often try to loot the national treas-  
 ury; and they do not seem to have any  
 twangs of conscience.

The protection afforded the treasury  
 by the senators and representatives in  
 congress, and particularly the chair-  
 men of the committees on appropri-  
 ations, guarantees safety of the public  
 funds. There are more honest men  
 than dishonest men in congress; or else  
 they are compelled to be good for fear  
 of consequences. It is most likely that  
 their moral sense, in a majority of cases,  
 is well developed, for appropriations are  
 carefully scanned before being passed  
 in committee, or in the forum of de-  
 bate.

President Cleveland, however, found  
 it necessary to veto the river and har-  
 bor appropriation bill, and also the  
 general deficiency bill. There was an  
 immense amount of jobbery in the  
 river and harbor bill, but nearly every  
 member of the house of representatives  
 had a slice of the steal, and hence the  
 bill was passed by a two-thirds major-  
 ity over the veto, and the money was  
 thus appropriated. Fortunately large  
 sums are left to the discretion of the  
 secretary of war for disbursement; and  
 the secretary is in no hurry to expend  
 the public funds needlessly.

The general deficiency bill contained  
 two rank steals, and everybody in  
 Washington knew that the veto was  
 right. The bill was killed by the veto,  
 and could not be passed by a two-thirds  
 vote, as the river and harbor bill had  
 been. Four years ago a certain sen-  
 ator, who occupied a position of promi-  
 nence and power, inserted an appro-  
 priation of \$1,500,000 for the French  
 spoliation claimants, as an amendment  
 to the general deficiency bill. The bill  
 carried so many important items that  
 President Harrison did not veto it, and  
 hence the treasury was looted to that  
 amount. During the past session of  
 congress the same senator championed  
 the French spoliation claimants again,  
 in the secret of a committee room; but  
 did not do so on the floor of the senate.  
 On the contrary, he intrusted the work  
 to another senator, who proposed the  
 amendment providing \$1,000,000 for  
 French spoliation claims, while the  
 principal senator was absent from the  
 senate chamber for a few minutes.  
 That enabled the chief manager to say,  
 if ever accused of jobbery: "Thou canst  
 not say I did it."

The same appropriation bill opened  
 the way for enormous appropriations  
 under what is known as the Bowman  
 act. If the bill had become a law, there  
 would have been fully \$100,000,000  
 drawn from the treasury in-  
 side of ten years, for the payment of  
 obsolete and unworthy claims. But  
 the president vetoed the bill, and there-  
 by rendered his country a great service.  
 Senators and representatives who voted  
 for the big steals referred to would not  
 listen to the demands of smaller and  
 more deserving claimants.

But not only during the sessions of  
 congress are the cormorants here. They  
 are with us all the time, trying and  
 scheming to get their hands into the  
 treasury. There are schemers and plot-  
 ters of every description, and not one of  
 them seems to think that it is wrong to  
 swindle the federal government.

Fifteen years ago appropriations were  
 made for the purpose of constructing a  
 tunnel a mile long, to carry water to  
 a section of this city which was not well  
 supplied. The tunnel was constructed  
 under the direction of engineers of the  
 army, and when it was completed the  
 aggregate appropriations amounted to  
 nearly \$2,000,000. About ten years ago

the tunnel was ready for use, and be-  
 fore turning the water into this viaduct  
 the quartermaster general caused an  
 inspection, and he made an honest re-  
 port. Everybody was amazed to learn  
 that the enormous sum of \$2,000,000  
 had been actually thrown away. The  
 tunnel was useless, and had been con-  
 structed not for the purpose of carry-  
 ing water, but for the purpose of rob-  
 bing the government. The hole in the  
 ground was there, but the brick work  
 lining was an awful botch. Common  
 plaster instead of cement had been  
 used. Great holes above the brick work  
 were left unfilled; and the pressure of  
 water would have broken down the  
 brick lining almost immediately. The  
 contractors cared nothing for that.  
 All they wanted was to have the tunnel  
 accepted by the government, so that they  
 could draw their final moneys from  
 the treasury, and get away from  
 Washington as soon as possible.  
 The tunnel is still there. It has  
 never been used, and it cannot be used  
 without the expenditure of at least an-  
 other million dollars. Moreover, other  
 appropriations might be misspent in

that same hole; and nobody seems to  
 be willing to take the responsibility of  
 recommending that the work be taken  
 up and honestly completed.

That is only a sample of the methods  
 employed by unscrupulous men to get  
 money from the treasury without ren-  
 dering an equivalent for it. We recently  
 have found another little steal going  
 on; and it is of such a petty nature that  
 nobody would have suspected it. We  
 are not surprised when we see men  
 reaching for hundreds of thousands or  
 millions; but we never expect men to  
 undertake little jobs for a few thousand  
 dollars. In other words, little thieves  
 do not abound among men who have  
 attained positions and secured recog-  
 nition before the executive depart-  
 ments, or who have the privilege of do-  
 ing business on Capitol Hill. The last  
 discovery of corruption involves only  
 the sum of \$8,000; and out of that the  
 contractor could not have made more



ONE WAY OF FURNISHING WATER.  
 than \$4,000, although he might have  
 made at least \$1,000 if he had done his  
 work honestly.

Opposite this city, on the Virginia  
 heights, there is a cavalry post called  
 Fort Myer. It is near Arlington ceme-  
 tery, and in plain view of Washington.  
 For several years there has been consid-  
 erable complaint concerning the meager  
 supply of water at Fort Myer, and var-  
 ious plans have been considered for  
 supplying a sufficient amount of water  
 for the comfort, convenience and health  
 of the soldiers stationed there. The  
 prevailing impression was that a viaduct  
 must be built to connect the fort  
 with the water supply of this city. In  
 accordance with this plan, an appro-  
 priation of \$100,000 was made, and the  
 secretary of war caused the subject to  
 be investigated by his engineer officers,  
 who reported that a well ought to be  
 sunk on the premises which would sup-  
 ply sufficient water, and which would  
 cost not much less than the viaduct. It  
 was reported that a flow of 50,000 gal-  
 lons per day would be ample, and surely  
 that amount could be procured by an  
 artesian well. At any rate the effort  
 should be made.

Just at that juncture ex-Congress-  
 man Levi Maish, of Pennsylvania, se-  
 cured the contract for digging the well,  
 his compensation to be \$8,000, if he  
 could produce 50,000 gallons per day.  
 Col. Maish hired a subcontractor in  
 Pennsylvania, brought him here and  
 set him to work. Three wells were dug,  
 the first two being unsatisfactory. The  
 third well produced a flow of 60,000 gal-  
 lons of pure water per day; and the  
 government chemist declared that the  
 water was absolutely pure. It was not a  
 spontaneous flow, but was forced up  
 with an eight-horse power pump. It  
 was thoroughly tested, and sure enough  
 60,000 gallons per day were produced,  
 and the well was accepted, and the \$8-  
 000 paid to the chief contractor.

The quartermaster general recently  
 caused the well to be carefully exam-  
 ined, because it did not produce the  
 amount of water required. In fact when  
 the pump was worked and the water  
 used, it soon gave out. Investigation  
 disclosed the fact that a four-inch terra  
 cotta pipe was connected with the well,  
 and ran down the hill side into a little  
 brook. A few hundred yards down the  
 stream a dam had been constructed  
 which backed up the brook water, so  
 that it could be pumped up into the  
 fort premises. But, as long as the wa-  
 ter was merely pumped to show its  
 volume, it ran back into the little  
 stream; and thus a flow of 60,000 gal-  
 lons per day could be kept up. The  
 same water was being pumped up over  
 and over again. There was no well at  
 all, and there never had been a well. It  
 was simply the dishonest practice of a  
 subcontractor who secured his money  
 and then disappeared.

Congress appropriated \$100,000 to  
 provide a water supply for Fort Myer.  
 The sum of \$8,000 has already been ex-  
 pended and no result produced, so now  
 only \$92,000 remain available for the  
 purpose, and the soldiers at Fort Myer  
 must still go thirsty, or else pump up  
 water from their little brook until it  
 becomes exhausted, and it is not very  
 full of water during this heated season.  
 The ex-congressman proposes to pay  
 back the \$8,000, although he will be the  
 loser of that amount, in addition to the  
 money which he paid the swindling  
 subcontractor. The question is, how  
 will he get it back into the treasury?  
 Under existing practices, the money  
 having been expended for the well, and  
 the treasury books showing that fact,  
 the money can only be restored to the  
 treasury as a part of the conscience  
 fund. It cannot be added to the appro-  
 priation for Fort Myer's water supply.

It is of vast importance to everyone  
 in this country, that only honest men be  
 sent to congress, and only honest men  
 be placed in high positions in the na-  
 tional capital. It is important to the  
 farmer, the miner, the merchant, the  
 manufacturer, the preacher, the wife,  
 mother, daughter, son, and to the in-  
 fant in arms, that this should be honest-  
 ly and in truth a government of the peo-  
 ple, for the people and by the people.  
 SMITH D. FRY.

It Makes Him Hotter.  
 A cyclist is no cooler because he rides  
 a wheel known as an "ice wagon."

## THE GREAT BUSTARD.

It Has Been Extinct in England for More  
 Than Fifty Years.

The great bustard formerly haun-  
 ted all the level counties of England,  
 and was particularly common on Salis-  
 bury plain. From the reign of Henry  
 VIII. repeated measures were passed  
 in order to protect it; and it is expres-  
 sly included under the head of game in  
 the statute of the first year of the  
 reign of William IV., which codified and  
 reformed the laws relating to game. The  
 close season for bustard shooting was  
 and is from the first of March to the first  
 of September. But the native bustard is  
 now extinct in England. The last was  
 killed at Swaffham in Norfolk, in 1838.  
 Any that have been shot since have  
 been merely casual visitors, probably  
 coming from the plains of Saxony. The  
 causes of the disappearance of the bus-  
 tards are, firstly, the sport they af-  
 forded, for they were hunted with  
 greyhounds as well as shot; secondly,  
 the increase in the amount of cultivated  
 land. This largest of European birds,  
 weighing as much as 30 pounds, could  
 no longer find any sufficient support  
 on the closely cropped plains of Eng-  
 land.

Five Men Killed.  
 SALISBURY, N. C., Aug. 18.—At Troy  
 Monday the boiler of Taft's sawmill ex-  
 ploded, killing five men and injuring  
 four. Three of the killed are Charles  
 Morris, Jim Capet and Samuel Ewing,  
 all white. The names of the other  
 two and the four injured could not  
 be learned. Three of the injured will  
 die.

No State Ticket.  
 ATLANTA, Ga., Aug. 18.—The repub-  
 lican state central committee met in  
 the state capitol Monday, with Col. A.  
 E. Buck, chairman, presiding. A reso-  
 lution was adopted declaring it to be  
 the sense of the committee that no  
 state ticket is to be put out this year.

He Took Strychnine.  
 St. Louis, Mo., Aug. 18.—Martin D.  
 Barnes, a prominent merchant, com-  
 mitted suicide Monday evening by tak-  
 ing a dose of strychnine at his home.  
 An ambulance was called, and the dy-  
 ing man taken to the city hospital.  
 While on the way he expired. No  
 cause is known for the deed.

Old People.  
 Old people who require medicine to  
 regulate the bowels and kidneys will  
 find the true remedy in Electric Bitters.  
 This medicine does not stimulate  
 and contains no whiskey or other in-  
 toxicant, but acts as a tonic and altera-  
 tive. It acts mildly on the stomach  
 and bowels, adding strength and giv-  
 ing tone to the organs, thereby aiding  
 Nature in the performance of the func-  
 tions. Electric Bitters is an excellent  
 appetizer and aids digestion. Old peo-  
 ple find it just exactly what they need.  
 Price fifty cents and \$1.00 per bottle at  
 W. H. Styer's Drug Store.

League Games.			
Cincinnati	9	W	L
Boston	7		
First game.			
Cleveland	13		
Washington	6		
Second game.			
Cleveland	7		
Washington	2		
St. Louis	9		
Baltimore	7		
Louisville	0		
Philadelphia	15		
Pittsburg	7		
Brooklyn	10		
Chicago	5		
New York	8		

	W	L	Pr.
Cincinnati	69	30	697
Baltimore	68	30	694
Cleveland	61	37	623
Chicago	59	43	578
Pittsburg	55	43	561
Boston	53	45	541
Brooklyn	45	53	459
Philadelphia	44	54	449
New York	44	56	440
Washington	39	61	371
St. Louis	30	66	313
Louisville	24	70	255

R. C. Joiner, Allen P. O., Hillsdale  
 Co., Mich., says: "Nothing gave my  
 rheumatism such quick relief as Dr.  
 Thomas' Electric Oil."

Why continue to pass your nights in  
 scratching, and your days in misery?  
 Doan's Ointment brings instant relief,  
 and permanently cures even the worst  
 cases of Itching Piles. It never fails.

Every day symptoms of digestive dis-  
 orders—acid stomach, distress after eat-  
 ing, burning at pit of stomach, dull,  
 heavy feeling—Burdock Blood Bitters  
 never fails to correct any troubles of  
 this sort.

In magnificent utterance Bourke  
 Cockran, Democrat, of New York laid  
 down the lines for voters to follow this  
 Fall. Dispassionately, he told the 18-  
 000 people assembled his views; particu-  
 larity did he plainly put the money  
 question, showing up and making plain  
 the glaring and delusive falsities held  
 out by the Free Silverites.

**EXPECTANT  
 MOTHERS,  
 "MOTHERS'  
 FRIEND"**

We Offer You a  
 REMEDY WHICH  
 INSURES SAFETY  
 OF LIFE TO MOTHER  
 AND CHILD.

Robe Confinement of its Pain, Horror and Risk.

My wife used "MOTHERS' FRIEND" be-  
 fore birth of her first child, she did not  
 suffer from CHAMPS or PAINS—was quickly  
 relieved at the critical hour suffering but  
 little—she had no pains afterward and her  
 recovery was rapid.

E. E. JOHNSTON, Eufaula, Ala.

Sent by Mail or Express, on receipt of  
 price, \$1.00 per bottle. Book "To Mothers"  
 mailed Free.

BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO., Atlanta, Ga.  
 SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

## SATISFY YOURSELF

By thorough examination  
 that you are getting the MOST  
 and BEST for your money. Don't spend  
 your dollars just to get rid of them, make them  
 make you BETTER OFF. We INVITE inspection and  
 comparison. In the first place we buy only the BEST goods,  
 (best colors, best materials and best made,) then by paying  
 SPOT CASH for all merchandise that comes into our store we  
 are enabled to get the very lowest prices and largest discounts,  
 all of which is the customer's benefit. We are after your  
 trade this season and if good goods, low prices and honest fair  
 dealing will be any inducement we are sure to get it. No fake  
 sales and no deception here! New goods coming in every  
 day, all the very 'latest,' bought for cash we'll sell at very low  
 prices for CASH. Try us next time!!

**S. R. Van Metre & Co.,**  
 The Old Reliable Cash Clothiers.

## Shirt Waists and Dimity Wrappers

At one-half value. Very pretty styles, and  
 just what you need this hot weather. Come  
 quick before they are gone.

**JENVEY & ALLEN,**  
 168 Front Street, - - Marietta, Ohio

## Colonial Book Store!

**Summer Goods** A few *Hammocks* and a small number of *Croquet Sets*, price has been reduced and they go cheap.  
**Art Panels** Something of real merit, low price, and selling very rapidly.  
**Gold or Silver** Do you desire to post yourself on the money ques-  
 tion? We have a good stock of easy literature on the  
 subject  
**Stereoscopic Views** They are high grade, new subjects, gathered from  
 all over the world.  
 A few more *McKinley Tops*.  
 153 Colonial Block, Front St.  
**J. E. VANDERVOORT. C. E. GLINES.**

## Prepare for the Fruit Season!

Now is the time you will be wanting Fruit Jars, and we have them  
 in abundance, at most reasonable prices. Call in early, so that when  
 you are in the midst of putting up fruit your jars will be at hand.

**MRS. CHAS. W. HOLZ,** 286 Front Street, Marietta, Ohio

**DO YOU EAT BREAD?**

Jacob Pfaff's is unexcelled, as are  
 also his Cakes and Ices. Finest  
 Neapolitan Ice Cream that can be  
 made. Particular and personal at-  
 tention given to serving parties—  
 receptions, weddings or public din-  
 ners.  
 JACOB PFAFF,  
 Putnam St.

**BUGGIES**

To make room for an-  
 other carload to arrive  
 in ten days we will sell  
 at a liberal discount.  
 Now is your chance.

**F. H. Dutton & Son,**  
 515 Fourth street.

**EXPRESS WAGONS**

**Bicycles Built and  
 Repaired.**

New parts for any  
 wheel in stock or made  
 to order at

**SALZMAN'S  
 MACHINE SHOP,**  
 225 Ohio St., Marietta, O

**The CHAMPION**

Germ-Proof  
 Water Filter No 1  
 PRICE \$1.50.

The filtering medium used in this filter is  
 a natural stone tube. The capacity of the  
 No. 1 filter is about three gallons per hour.  
 The construction is very simple. The stone is secured to the base  
 by a rod passing through it, giving it strength and stability. This  
 obviates the use of cement and makes the stone easily interchange-  
 able. This filter is made to screw on any 1/2 hose bibb. The case is  
 made of bronze, highly polished and nickel-plated.

SOLD BY  
**THE NYE HARDWARE COMPANY,**  
 No. 170 Front street, Marietta, O.